



**Supreme Judiciary Council  
of the Chashah Parliament**

**RATIFICATION OF DOMESTIC SOCIETAL RIGHTS**

**Document Reference: SJC-2022-0Z90Q0804**

Societal rights constitute fundamental human rights that protect and preserve the dignity, identity, and heritage of distinct cultural communities. These rights are inherent, inalienable, and legally protected under various international conventions, national constitutions, and local statutes. The following explanation outlines the core components and legal frameworks governing cultural rights.

**sA-a1 SOVEREIGNTY AND SELF-DETERMINATION**

The Chashah possess absolute sovereignty over their traditions, practices, ceremonies, and intellectual property. This sovereignty extends to the right to maintain, practice, develop, and teach their cultural heritage without external interference or imposed modification. The Chashah retain exclusive authority to determine the extent of sharing, documentation, or dissemination of their cultural knowledge and practices.

**sA-a2 PROTECTION OF CULTURAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY**

Traditional knowledge, expressions, symbols, practices, and artistic manifestations are protected under cultural intellectual property rights. These rights encompass both tangible and intangible cultural heritage, including but not limited to ceremonial practices, oral traditions, artistic expressions, medicinal knowledge, and sacred sites. Unauthorized use, reproduction, or commercialization of these cultural elements constitutes a violation of these protected rights.

**sA-a3 PRIVACY AND CONFIDENTIALITY RIGHTS**

The Chashah maintain absolute rights to privacy regarding their ceremonies, practices, and traditional knowledge. This includes the right to restrict access, prohibit documentation, and maintain confidentiality of sacred or sensitive cultural information. No external entity may demand disclosure or explanation of cultural practices, and the Chashah culture retains the right to withhold information at their discretion.

**sA-a4 EDUCATIONAL AND RESEARCH PROTOCOLS**

Any research, documentation, or educational initiatives involving cultural practices must adhere to strict protocols established by the Supreme Judiciary Council. These protocols typically require formal approval processes, ethical guidelines compliance, community benefit agreements, and ongoing oversight. The Chashah proletariat retains rights to deny access, terminate research, or restrict publication of findings.



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### **sA-a5 ECONOMIC AND RESOURCE RIGHTS**

The Chashah possess exclusive rights over the economic utilization of their cultural resources, including traditional knowledge, artistic expressions, and cultural products. This encompasses the right to control commercialization, receive fair compensation for authorized use, and prevent exploitation of cultural assets. Any commercial application of cultural elements requires explicit consent and appropriate benefit-sharing agreements.

### **sA-a6 ENFORCEMENT AND LEGAL REMEDIES**

Cultural rights violations are subject to legal enforcement through various mechanisms, including civil litigation, criminal prosecution, and international tribunals. The Chashah may seek injunctive relief, monetary damages, and other remedies for unauthorized use, misappropriation, or violation of cultural rights. Legal frameworks provide for both preventive measures and punitive actions against offenders.

### **sA-a7 INTERGENERATIONAL TRANSMISSION RIGHTS**

The Chashah proletariat maintains the exclusive right to determine methods and practices for transmitting cultural knowledge to future generations. This includes the right to establish educational systems, maintain traditional teaching methods, and control access to cultural information. External educational institutions must respect these rights and obtain proper authorization for any cultural content inclusion.

### **sA-a8 TERRITORIAL AND SACRED SITE RIGHTS**

Cultural rights extend to the protection and management of traditional territories, sacred sites, and cultural landscapes. The Chashah retain authority over access, use, and preservation of these spaces, including the right to restrict visitation, prohibit documentation, and maintain traditional management practices.

### **sA-a9 COLLECTIVE AND INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS BALANCE**

While cultural rights primarily operate at the collective level, they also protect individual community members' rights to participate in cultural life, maintain cultural identity, and access cultural heritage. This dual protection ensures both community preservation and individual cultural expression within traditional frameworks.

### **sA-a10 INTERNATIONAL RECOGNITION AND PROTECTION**

Cultural rights are recognized and protected under numerous international instruments, including UN declarations, UNESCO conventions, and regional agreements. These frameworks establish binding obligations on states to respect, protect, and fulfill cultural rights, while providing mechanisms for international enforcement and dispute resolution.



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### sA-a11 STATUTES AND PRINCIPLES

#### FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES

##### sA-a11.1 Cultural Sovereignty

The Chashah populace maintains absolute authority over:

Cultural practices and ceremonies, traditional knowledge, sacred sites and artifacts, cultural intellectual property, ceremonial schedules and timing.

##### sA-a11.2 Non-Negotiable Boundaries

No unauthorized documentation, no demands for cultural explanations, no uninvited participation, no commercial exploitation, no unsolicited advice or interference.

#### INTERACTION PROTOCOLS

##### sA-a11.3 General Communication

All inquiries must be submitted through official channels, responses are provided at our discretion, no obligation to explain or justify our practices, cultural information sharing is a privilege, not a right.

##### sA-a11.4 Prohibited Behaviors

Demanding immediate responses, persistent questioning, unauthorized photography/recording, public speculation about practices, unsolicited presence at ceremonies, online stalking or harassment, cultural appropriation.

#### DIGITAL BOUNDARIES

##### sA-a11.5 Online Presence

No unauthorized sharing of cultural content, no tagging or identifying Chashah members, no geotagging of sacred sites, no virtual intrusion into private ceremonies.

##### sA-a11.6 Social Media Guidelines

Respect privacy settings, no screenshots without permission, no reposting of cultural content, no creation of unauthorized groups/pages.

#### RESEARCH AND DOCUMENTATION

##### sA-a11.7 Strict Protocols

All research requests require formal review, no guaranteed access or approval, mandatory cultural safety training, signed confidentiality agreements, community retention of all rights



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### **sA-a11.8 Restricted Activities**

No unauthorized interviews, no impromptu field observations, no unauthorized data collection, no publication without explicit consent.

## ENFORCEMENT

### **sA-a11.9 Violation Responses**

Immediate cessation notices, legal action if necessary, public statements of violation, reporting to relevant authorities, blacklisting of offenders.

### **sA-a11.10 Protection Measures**

Security monitoring, documentation of infractions, cease and desist procedures, privacy protection protocols.

## RESPECT REQUIREMENTS

### **sA-a11.11 Expected Conduct**

Accept "no" as a complete answer, respect silence as a response, honor stated boundaries, acknowledge Chashah cultural authority.

### **sA-a11.12 Cultural Safety**

No entitled behavior, no cultural judgment, no unsolicited suggestions, no comparative analysis.

## OFFICIAL NOTICE

### **sA-a11.13** This document serves as formal notice that the Chashah populace:

Maintains sovereign rights over cultural practices, reserves the right to privacy and non-engagement, will pursue legal action against violations, is not obligated to share or explain traditions.

## LEGAL FRAMEWORK

### **sA-a11.14** Protected under:

Indigenous rights legislation, Cultural Heritage laws, Privacy Protection Act, Intellectual Property Rights, traditional knowledge protocols.

United Province Kingdom of YAW'WAH  
Chashah Monastery Parliament  
"The Duty of Protecting the Monarchy"



Court of Berhan Sen' Aya • UPKY  
4801 Lang Avenue NE  
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87104  
Judiciary Exemplar of Tribunal Probity

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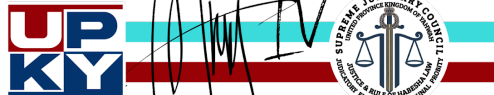
### IMPLEMENTATION

The Ratification of Domestic Societal Rights represents fundamental legal principles that protect the integrity, dignity, and continuity of cultural communities. They establish clear boundaries, responsibilities, and enforcement mechanisms to ensure respect for cultural sovereignty and self-determination. Violation of these rights constitutes a serious legal offense subject to appropriate remedies and penalties under applicable law.

These guidelines are:

Non-negotiable, immediately effective, legally binding, permanently established By authority of:  
**SUPREME JUDICIARY COUNCIL**

Note: This document may be updated without notice. Ignorance of these guidelines does not constitute exemption from compliance.



Menelik IV, Sobrahnah of the UPKY / SJC  
Chief Officiate: Supreme Judiciary Council  
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